

National Council for the Social Studies:

Correlation to TimeMAPS™ Themes & Lessons



Expectations of Excellence: Curriculum Standards for Social Studies	Correlates to TimeMAPS Theme(s):	Correlates to TimeMAPS Lesson(s):
VII. Production, Distribution, & Consumption - Social studies programs should include experiences that provide for the study of how people organize for the production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services, so that the learner can:		
VII.b. Analyze the role that supply and demand, prices, incentives, and profits play in determining what is produced and distributed in a competitive market system;	3,4,7,8,10	3.1-3.4, 4.1-4.3, 7.1-7.3, 8.1-8.4, 10.1-10.3
VII.c. Consider the costs and benefits to society of allocating goods and services through private and public sectors;	5,12,13	5.1-5.4, 12.1-12.5, 13.1-13.6
VII.d. Understand relationships among the various economic institutions that comprise economic systems such as households, business firms, banks, government agencies, labor unions, and corporations;	4,5,6,7,8,9,12,13	4.1-4.3, 5.1-5.4, 6.1-6.4, 7.1-7.3, 8.1-8.4, 9.1-9.6, 12.1-12.5, 13.1-13.6
VII.e. Analyze the role of specialization and exchange in economic processes;	4	4.1-4.3
VII.f. Assess/compare how values and beliefs influence economic decisions in different societies;	4,6,7,8,13	4.1-4.3, 6.1-6.4, 7.1-7.3, 8.1-8.4, 13.1-13.6
Teacher Licensure Standards		
NSS-EC.9-12.1 Productive Resources: Understands choices made by individuals, firms, or government officials often have long run unintended consequences that can partially or entirely offset the initial effects of the decision.	4,7,8,9,10,11,13	4.1-4.3, 7.1-7.3, 8.1-8.4, 9.1-9.6, 10.1-10.3, 11.1-11.5, 12.1-12.5, 13.1-13.6
NSS-EC.9-12.2 Effective Decision Making: Understands marginal benefit is the change in total benefit resulting from an action.	4,7,8,9,10,11,12,13	4.1-4.3, 7.1-7.3, 8.1-8.4, 9.1-9.6, 10.1-10.3, 11.1-11.5, 12.1-12.5, 13.1-13.6
NSS-EC.9-12.3 Allocating Goods and Services: Understands comparing the benefits and costs of different allocation methods in order to choose the method that is most appropriate for some specific problem can result in more effective allocations and a more effective overall allocation system.	7,8,9,13	7.1-7.3, 8.1-8.4, 9.1-9.6, 13.1-13.6
NSS-EC.9-12.12 Interest Rates: Understands that an interest rate is a price of money that is borrowed or saved.	3,8,9,13	3.1-3.5, 8.1-8.4, 9.1-9.6, 13.1-13.6
NSS-EC.9-12.13 Income and Earning: Understands changes in the structure of the economy, the level of gross domestic product, technology, government policies, and discrimination can influence personal income.	4	4.1-4.3
NSS-EC.9-12.14 Entrepreneurs: Understands entrepreneurial decisions affect job opportunities for other workers.	4,6	4.1-4.3, 6.1-6.3